Barclay CROP PROTECTION

# **Gallup Hi-Aktiv**®

Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv is a systemic herbicide, as a soluble concentrate, for the control of annual and perennial grass and broad-leaved weeds in:

- · Barley
- Durum Wheat
- Field beans
- Forest
- Forest nursery
- Grassland
- Green cover on land not being used for
- crop production
- LinseedNon-cropped areas
- iursery
  - OatsOilseed rape
- Orchards: apple, pear, cherry, damson and plum
- Peas (combining)Stubbles of all
- of all bles of all edible and non-edible crops
  Wheat

# FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL AND FORESTRY NON-SELECTIVE HERBICIDE (Please see inside for DIRECTIONS FOR USE)

# SAFETY INFORMATION

Keep out of reach of children.

Avoid breathing spray.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

PCS No: 02435

Contains 490 g/l (42.1% w/w) glyphosate acid

### Manufacturer:

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### Approval Holder:

Barclay Chemicals (R&D) Ltd. Contact details as above. Copyright © Barclay Chemicals (R&D) Ltd. 2015. Gallup Hi-Aktiv is a registered trademark of Barclay Chemicals (R&D) Ltd

# **PROTECT FROM FROST**

### **PRECAUTIONS**

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In case of emergency contact the Poisons Information Center Tel: +353 1 8092566 or +353 1 8379964 Do not contaminate water with the product or its container (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads).

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

The following table pertains to and forms part of the STATUTORY CONDITIONS RELATING TO USE

# FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL, INDUSTRIAL AND FORESTRY NON-SELECTIVE HERBICIDE

Orchards of: Apple and pear3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before green clusterOrchards of: Cherry, damson and plum3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before white bud staForestry: weed control Forest nursery3.7 l/haTwo per year-Stubbles of all crops2.9 l/ha 1.1 l/haOne per season5 days before drilling 2 days before drillingGrassland4.4 l/haOne per season5 days before cutting/grazingNon-cropped areas4.4 l/haTwo per year-	Crop or situation	Maximum individual dose of product	Maximum number of treatments	Latest time of application
Peas (combining), field beans2.9 l/haOne per crop7 days before harvestOrchards of: Apple and pear3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before green clusterOrchards of: Cherry, damson and plum3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before white bud staForestry: weed control Forest nursery3.7 l/haTwo per year-Stubbles of all crops2.9 l/ha 1.1 l/haOne per season5 days before drillingGrassland4.4 l/haOne per season5 days before cutting/grazingNon-cropped areas4.4 l/haTwo per year-		2.9 l/ha	One per season	7 days before harvest
Orchards of: Apple and pear3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before green clusterOrchards of: Cherry, damson and plum3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before white bud staForestry: weed control Forest nursery3.7 l/haTwo per year-Stubbles of all crops2.9 l/ha 1.1 l/haOne per season5 days before drilling 2 days before drillingGrassland4.4 l/haOne per season5 days before cutting/grazingNon-cropped areas4.4 l/haTwo per year-	Oilseed rape, linseed	2.9 l/ha	One per season	14 days before harvest
Orchards of: Cherry, damson and plum3.7 l/haOne per seasonAfter leaf fall/before white bud staForestry: weed control Forest nursery3.7 l/haTwo per year-Stubbles of all crops2.9 l/ha 1.1 l/haOne per season One per season5 days before drilling 2 days before drillingGrassland4.4 l/haOne per season5 days before cutting/grazingNon-cropped areas4.4 l/haTwo per year-	Peas (combining), field beans	2.9 l/ha	One per crop	7 days before harvest
Forestry: weed control Forest nursery3.7 l/haTwo per year-Stubbles of all crops2.9 l/ha 1.1 l/haOne per season One per season5 days before drilling 2 days before drillingGrassland4.4 l/haOne per season5 days before cutting/grazingNon-cropped areas4.4 l/haTwo per year-	Orchards of: Apple and pear	3.7 l/ha	One per season	After leaf fall/before green cluster stag
Forest nursery     2.9 l/ha     One per season     5 days before drilling       Stubbles of all crops     1.1 l/ha     One per season     2 days before drilling       Grassland     4.4 l/ha     One per season     5 days before cutting/grazing       Non-cropped areas     4.4 l/ha     Two per year     -	Orchards of: Cherry, damson and plum	3.7 l/ha	One per season	After leaf fall/before white bud stage)
1.1 l/ha     One per season     2 days before drilling       Grassland     4.4 l/ha     One per season     5 days before cutting/grazing       Non-cropped areas     4.4 l/ha     Two per year     -		3.7 l/ha	Two per year	-
Non-cropped areas     4.4 l/ha     Two per year     -	Stubbles of all crops			
	Grassland	4.4 l/ha	One per season	5 days before cutting/grazing
Green cover on land not being used for 2.9 l/ha - 24 hours before cultivating	Non-cropped areas	4.4 l/ha	Two per year	-
crop production (set-aside)	Green cover on land not being used for crop production (set-aside)	2.9 l/ha	-	24 hours before cultivating

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv is a foliar acting herbicide that controls annual and perennial grasses and most broad-leaved weeds when used as directed. It is translocated from treated vegetative growth to underground roots, rhizomes or stolons. Leaf symptoms, being a reddening then yellowing of the foliage, are first seen on grass weeds but take longer to appear on broad leaved weeds.

It is particularly important that the weeds have sufficient leaf growth and are actively growing when treated.

Perennial grass weeds must have produced fresh leaves, which are green and vigorous. Common couch/scutch is most susceptible to Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv when it is tillering and when new rhizomes have begun to grow. This is usually when the plants have about 5-6 leaves, each with approximately 12-15cm of new growth.

The majority of perennial broad-leaved weeds are most susceptible if treated when they are actively growing and are at or near flowering stage.

Annual weeds should be actively growing with grasses having at least 5cm of leaf and broad-leaved weeds at least two expanded true leaves when sprayed.

Couch/scutch grasses and other grass and broad-leaved weeds are less susceptible to Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv when growth is restricted by drought, waterlogging, frost, very high temperatures or natural dieback. Efficacy will be reduced if such conditions occur at or immediately after spraying.

Occasionally a slight check to crop growth may occur, particularly after direct drilling when crop seeds germinate amongst a mass of decaying foliage, stolons, rhizomes or roots. Thorough cultivations are necessary to disperse or bury decaying organic matter. Consolidate loose soils and ensure crops are adequately fertilised and appropriate measures are taken to prevent insect and fungal damage to the following crop.

Do not apply lime, fertiliser, farmyard manure, pesticides or similar materials within 7 days of Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv.

Note: Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv does not give acceptable control of horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*).

### WEATHER CONDITIONS

A period of at least 6 hours and preferably 24 hours free of rain must follow spraying. Do not spray onto weeds suffering from drought stress as reduced control may occur. Do not spray in windy conditions as drift onto other crops or vegetation can cause severe injury or destruction.

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Do not spray during frosty weather that prevents active growth and can induce weed senescence.

v	VEED CONTROL IN STANDING CER	EAL CROPS (PRE-HARVEST)	
Weeds Controlled: Crops:	Wheat, including durum wheat, and oats d Barley destined for malting or feed. (Consult purchasers of crops grown on con before treatment)*	Black bent (Agrostis gigantea) Perennial broad-leaved weeds. bulbosum) in winter barley only - see Note. lestined for milling or feed. htract and prospective purchasers of malting grade	
Time	Method	Dose Rate	
Spray when the moisture content of the grain meas less than 30%.	sures clearance tractors with narrow wheels dividers. Adjust boom height to maxim	s and crop infestations, up to 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> :	2.2 l/ha
Target weeds must be gro		infestations, over 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> :	2.9 l/ha
actively growing and accessible to the spray.	After spraying: Wait at least 7 days before harvesting straw must be chopped and incorpora removed, after which normal cultivation be resumed. Treated straw may be use	ated or ons may Apply in 150 - 250 l/ha water	2.9 l/ha

bases have matured. Application when the bulbous bases have matured will not prevent regeneration of the weed. Early ripening winter barley is the only crop likely to present an opportunity for pre-harvest control of onion couch.

WEE	D CONTR	ROL IN STANDING OILSEED RAPE AND	LINSEED (PRE-HARVEST)	
Weeds Controlled: Crops:	Creepi Olisee Linsee This tre	scutch grass ( <i>Elymus repens</i> ) ng bent ( <i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> ) d rape, winter or spring. d, winter or spring eatment is suitable only for uniform, evenly maturi DT TREAT CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED.	Black bent (Agrostis gigantea) Perennial broad-leaved weeds. ng crops proceeding to harvest in prime c	condition.
Time		Method	Dose Rate	
Weed control: Spray 2 before harvest when the ripening of the seed is	ne natural	Spray the crop and weeds overall. Minimise crop damage by use of high clearance tractors with narrow wheels and crop	Low-medium couch/scutch-grass infestations, up to 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> :	2.2 l/ha
progressing and the m content of the seed me less than 30%.	oisture	dividers. After spraving:	Medium-high couch/scutch-grass infestations, over 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> :	2.9 l/ha
Target weeds must be	green,	Wait at leasst 14 days before harvesting. Direct combine harvest the crop when fit.	Perennial broad-leaved weeds:	2.9 l/ha
actively growing and a to the spray.	ccessible	Treated straw must be chopped and incorporated or removed, after which normal cultivations may be resumed.	Apply in 200 - 250 l/ha water.	
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	WEED CONTROL IN FIELD BEANS AN	ND PEAS (PRE-HARVEST)
C	Couch/scutch grass <i>(Elymus repens)</i> Creeping bent ( <i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> )	Black bent (Agrostis gigantea) Perennial broad-leaved weeds
F C	Field beans, winter or spring. Peas to be harvested dry. DO NOT TREAT CROPS INTENDED FOR SEE Ided for weed control and not for crop desiccation	
Time	Method	Dose Rate
Spray when the natural riper of the seed is progressing an the moisture content of the s measures less than 30%. Target weeds must be green actively growing and access to the spray.	<ul> <li>and damage by use of high clearance tractor wheels and crop dividers.</li> <li>After spraying:</li> </ul>	rs with narrow infestations up to 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> : 2.2 l/ha Medium-high couch/scutch grass infestations over 75 shoots/m <sup>2</sup> : 2.9 l/ha Apply in 200-250 l/ha water.

	FORESTRY/WOODLANDS			
Use	Dose Rate	Remarks		
<b>Before planting:</b> Most broad-leaved and grass weeds.	3.7 l/ha . Apply in 80-250 l/ha water	If the ground has been disturbed by forestry operations, allow the weeds to recover. Apply when weeds are showing green leaf and are actively growing. Wait at least 7 days before any cultivations or before planting trees.		
After planting: Most annual and perennial grasses and broad-leaved weeds. Moderate control of Broad-leaved woody weeds; bracken, beech, brush, bramble, sycamore, oak, hazel, willow, ash.	Apply at the appropriate dose for the species to be treated as detailed below: 2.9 l/ha in 250 l/ha water 2.9 l/ha in 250 l/ha water	Apply by knapsack sprayer around fully guarded trees. It is ESSENTIAL to use a TREE GUARD for all applications made in the growing season. Treat bracken after frond tips are unfurled but pre- senescence. Treat heather late-August to end-September. Treat all other woody weeds June to August before leaf senesence, but before new growth of crop has hardened. <b>Important</b> The time of hardening of leader growth in any year varies with species, location and weather amongst other factors; hardening might occur from end-July up to October or even later. Always direct the spray away from leaders to avoid damage to Lammas growth.		
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ORCHARDS				
Weeds Controlled: Most ar	nual and perennial weeds.			
Сгор	Time and Method	Dose Rate		
Established (minimum 2 years) trees of:	Apply as a directed MEDIUM or COARSE spray. Spray after leaf fall in autumn or before green cluster stage of	3.7 l/ha		
Apple Pear	apple and pear or white bud stage of stone fruit. Avoid spraying or allowing drift to contact the trunk above	Apply in 250 l/ha water.		
Cherry Damson Plum	30cm from the ground, or any branches. Spray must not contact any damaged bark.			

STUBBLE - ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL WEEDS, VOLUNTEERS			
Weeds Controlled: Crops:	Couch/scutch grass ( <i>Elymus repens</i> ) Creeping bent ( <i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> ) Volunteer cereals and potatoes (autumn only). Any crop to follow application on stubble.	Black bent (Agrostis gigantea) Annual grasses and broad-leaved weeds	
Time	Method	Dose Rate	
Autumn/winter applica Spray when perennial w actively growing, especi mid-October. Couch/sc should have at least 6 n approx. 12cm long.	<ul> <li>eeds are</li> <li>Do not cultivate.</li> <li>Remove straw.</li> <li>Allow weeds to regrow.</li> </ul>		
	After spraying: If before mid-November, wait at least 5 day If after mid-November, wait for perennial g red/yellow before cultivating.		
Spring applications: Spray when weeds are growing as for autumn a Roots chopped by cultiv show new leaf growth to	pplications. • Leave for regrowth to appear - allow a n ations must weed growth before spraying.	e-treatment may be	
3	6		

STUBBLE/CULTIVATED LAND - ANNUAL WEEDS/VOLUNTEERS		
Needs Controlled:         Annual grasses and broad-leaved weeds         Volunteer cereals           Crops:         Any crop to follow application.         Volunteer cereals		er cereals
Time	Method	Dose Rate
Autumn/spring/summer applications: Spray when weeds are activ growing.		1.1 l/ha Apply in 80-250 l/ha water.
For optimum control: • Annual grasses should ha least 10cm of green leaf. • Annual broad-leaved week should have at least 2 true leaves.		X

	GRASSLAN Annual meadow-grass ( <i>Poa annua</i> ) Perennial ryegrass ( <i>Lolium perenne</i> ) Common nettle ( <i>Urtica dioca</i> )	ND Italian ryegrass ( <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> ) Broadleaf dock ( <i>Rumex obtusifoluis</i> )
Crop: Time	Any crop to follow application. Method	Dose Rate
Spray when grasses and w actively growing at the folic and growth stages: Annual grasses and annu leaved weeds: • Spring, summer or autum • Annual grasses have at l of green leaf. • Annual broad-leaved wei least 2 expanded true leas Perennial grasses and po broad-leaved weeds: • Mid to late summer. • Perennial grasses have at of leaf or 5 fully expande • Perennial broad-leaved we substantial leaf area or a flowering.	<ul> <li>wing times</li> <li>weeks until the recommended reached.</li> <li>Spray at the dose rate recommor or grass type.</li> <li>Wait at least 5 days, when the yellowed, before removing the conservation or by grazing as cultivating or drilling.</li> <li>Burface mats of old grassland m broken by cultivations before resseeding until the following spring mats to decompose or apply 2.5 (1 tonne/ac) of ground limestone not less than seven days after the rotary cultivation to break the su incorporate the ground limestone</li> </ul>	d growth stages are mended for the weed e leaves become e growth for required, prior to2-4 years old, with perennial grasses: 2.9 l/haLong leys e.g. 4-7 years old with perennial broad-leaved weeds: 3.7 l/hamust be thoroughly iseeding. Either defer g to allow surface 5 tonnes/ha e to the surface mat reatment followed by urface and he into the soil. required thereafterd growth stages are and grasses: 2.9 l/ha2.4 years old, with perennial grasses: 3.7 l/haPermanent grassland with ragwo or predominantly fine-leaved grasses: 4.4 l/haApply the recommended dose in 200-250 l/ha water.

# LAND NOT INTENDED TO BEAR VEGETATION: General use around the farm and on amenity and industrial areas

Weeds Controlled:	Most annual and perennial weeds.		•
Area of use	Time and Method	Dose Rate	
Around buildings.	Apply at any time of the year when weeds are showing green leaf and are actively growing.	General Use:	2.9 l/ha
On industrial sites.	Weeds germinating after application will not be	Perennial broad-leaved	weeds
Firebreaks.	controlled. Avoid drift onto crops, lawns, amenity plants	present:	4.4 l/ha
Pavements.	or any desirable species. DO NOT USE UNDER GLASS OR POLYTHENE.	Mounted Hydraulic spraye apply in 80 - 250 l/ha wate	
Verges along public paths and roadways.	DO NOT SPRAY HEDGE BOTTOMS.	Knapsack sprayers: apply in 100 - 250 l/ha wa	ter
Around traffic signs and advertising hoardings.		$\bigcirc$	
Site preparation for landscaping projects; golf courses etc.			

**Important:** If poisonous weeds, such as ragwort, had been present before treatment, then grazing animals, such as horses, should be kept clear of treated areas until such time that poisonous weeds have been removed.

Weeds controlled: Crop: Users must ensure themse in the following may be ch	Perennial ryegrass (Lolium perenne) Common nettle (Urtica dioca) Any crop to follow application. elves compliant with the management rules of any grant-aid	an ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum) adleaf dock (Rumex obtusifolius) ded scheme before use; the guidance giver
Time	Method	Dose Rate
Spray whilst the green cover is actively growing at any time consistent with the prevailing weather conditions and within the management rules of any grant aided scheme. Deep-rooted perennial broad-leaved weeds are best controlled when well grown and are at or near flowering.	After spraying do not cut, cultivate or prepare land for the next crop until permitted to do so by the	Only annual weeds and grasses exceptionblack-grass:1.1 l/ha(note - if the green cover is dense and/orwell established, use the higher dose of2.2 l/ha in 150-250 l/ha water as for low-medium couch - see below). Apply in 80-150 l/ha water for this dose rate.Dense and/or well established greencover:2.2 l/haPerennial grasses and broad-leavedweeds:2.9 l/haApply in 150-250 l/ha water.
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# WICK/WIPER APPLICATORS

Certain weeds, particularly those with an erect growth habit and having a spatial separation from desirable species, can be effectively controlled by wiping a concentrated solution of Barclay Gallup 360 onto the leaves or stems. Weeds must be actively growing at application.

Do not apply when rain is expected as, apart from unsatisfactory weed control, herbicide might be transferred to desirable species by rain splash or foliar contact.

### Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv dilution

 

 Maximum Concentrations must not exceed the following:

 Weedwiper Mini:
 3 volume Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv : 8 volume of water

 Other wipers:
 3.5 volume Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv : 6 volume of water for normal conditions; under warm, dry conditions use 3:8 dilution with water

### Caution

Ensure that there is a minimum 5 cm between the top of the tallest desired vegetation and the impregnated wiper.

### MIXING

### Tractor mounted sprayers

Pour the recommended quantity of Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv into the spray tank already half-filled with clean water and under agitation. Top up the tank with more clean water to the required level, whilst maintaining agitation. Spray out on the day of mixing. **Knapsack sprayers** 

Add the recommended quantity of Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv to the knapsack spray tank approximately one-third filled with clean water. Agitate thoroughly with a clean rod or by shaking after replacing the lid. Add the required quantity of authorised surfactant and agitate again in the same manner until thoroughly mixed. Top up the tank with more clean water to the required level and agitate thoroughly before use. Spray out on the day of mixing.

DO NOT MIX, APPLY OR STORE BARCLAY GALLUP HI-AKTIV IN GALVANISED OR UNLINED MILD STEEL CONTAINERS OR TANKS. KEEP TANKS WELL VENTED AND CLEAR OF ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

### **APPLICATION & SPRAY QUALITY**

### **Conventional hydraulic sprayers**

### Knapsack sprayers

Prepared spray solution should be applied as a MEDIUM or COARSE quality spray (BCPC definition) through conventional hydraulic sprayers (tractor mounted/ drawn or knapsack) at nozzle pressures not exceeding 2.5 bar (35 psi). Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv is a systemic weedkiller and is active at low doses. Always take extreme care to avoid spray drift. DO NOT SPRAY in windy weather or near to desirable species or amenity plants as drift onto other crops or vegetation can cause severe plant injury or destruction.

### SOILS

Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv may be used to control weeds on all mineral or organic soils or surfaces, including ash and gravel. Only weeds showing green leaf at the time of application can be killed. There is no residual activity with Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv.

### COMPATIBILITY

Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv is compatible with authorised adjuvants PCS 91690. DO NOT mix with any herbicide, insecticide or fungicide.



# **FUTURE PLANTING**

Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv has no long-lasting herbicidal activity in soils after application. Agricultural and horticultural quality soils may be planted up with trees after not less than 7 days after application, unless directed otherwise. Other amenity plants may be planted after the treated vegetation has died back or after cultivation. Under normal weather conditions, cultivations may be conducted 5 days after treatment. Under poor growing conditions wait for the characteristic red/yellow leaf symptoms to appear before cultivating.

# CARE OF EQUIPMENT

Wash equipment thoroughly after use with water and cleaning agent to remove traces of herbicide. Traces of herbicide left in the equipment may seriously damage or destroy crops sprayed with the same equipment at a later date.

### STORAGE

Keep temperatures above 0 °c but not exceeding 30 °c

# KNAPSACK RATE RECKONER

### **METRIC-Medium Volume Application**

### PRODUCT RECOMMENDATION

( litres of product in l/ha of water ) 2.9L in 250L per hectare 3.7L in 250L per hectare 4.4L in 250L per hectare

### **METRIC-Low Volume Application**

### PRODUCT RECOMMENDATION

(litres of product in l/ha of water ) 2.9L in 100L per hectare 3.7L in 100L per hectare 4.4L in 100L per hectare Amount Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv per 10 litres to treat 400m<sup>2</sup>

116 ml 148 ml 176 ml

Amount Barclay Gallup Hi-Aktiv per 10 litres to treat 1000m<sup>2</sup>

290 ml 370 ml 440 ml